

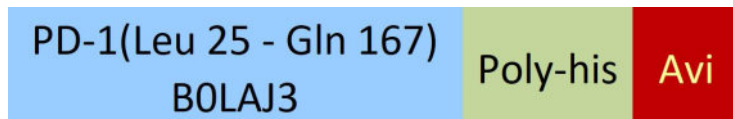
**Synonym**

PDCD1,PD1,CD279,SLEB2

Source

Biotinylated Cynomolgus PD-1, His,Avitag(PD1-C82E6) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Leu 25 - Gln 167 (Accession # [B0LAJ3](#)).

Predicted N-terminus: Leu 25

Molecular Characterization

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus, followed by an Avi tag (Avitag™).

The protein has a calculated MW of 19.5 kDa. The protein migrates as 30-45 kDa under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Labeling

Biotinylation of this product is performed using Avitag™ technology. Briefly, the single lysine residue in the Avitag is enzymatically labeled with biotin.

Protein Ratio

Passed as determined by the HABA assay / binding ELISA.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per µg by the LAL method.

Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 µm filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

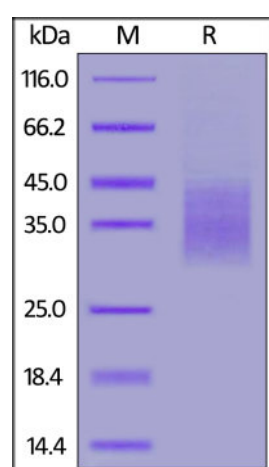
Storage

For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

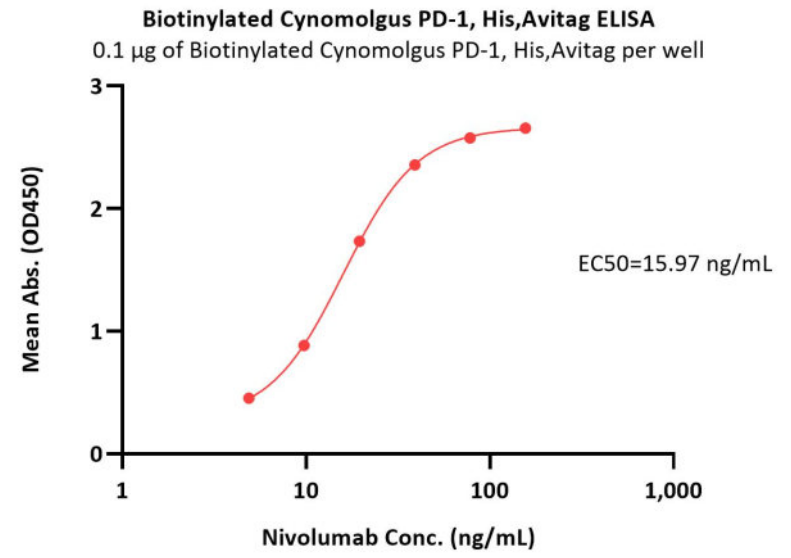
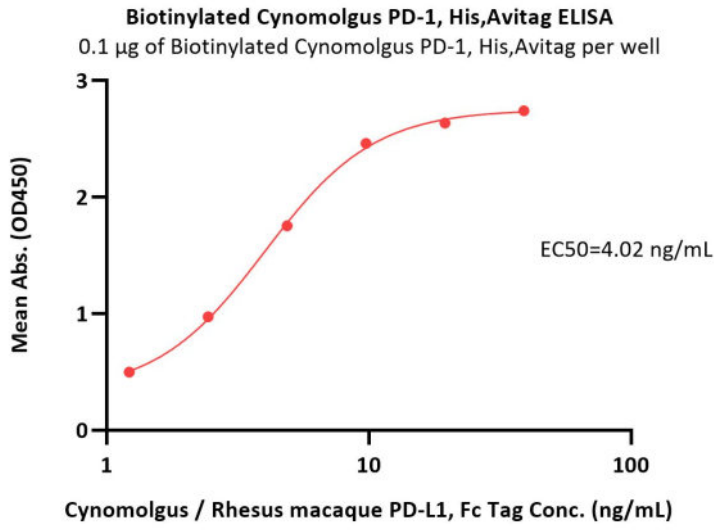
SDS-PAGE

Biotinylated Cynomolgus PD-1, His,Avitag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90%.

Bioactivity-ELISA

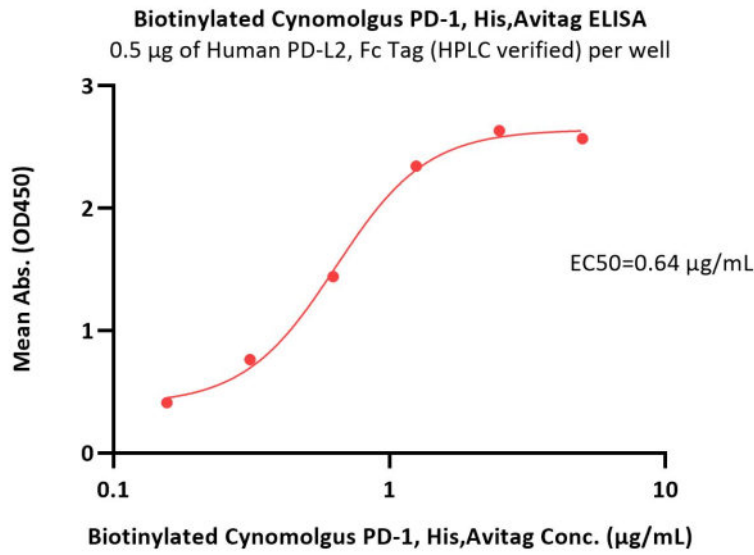
Discounts, Gifts,
and more!





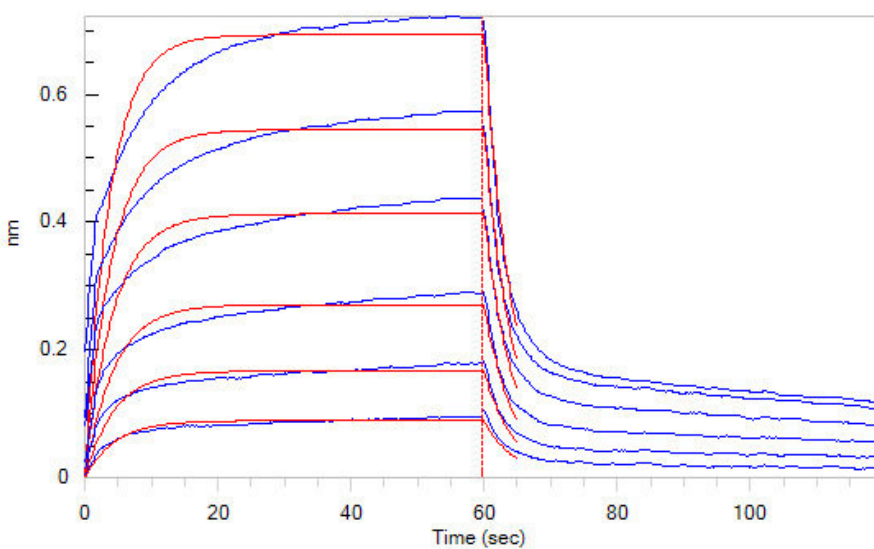
Immobilized Biotinylated Cynomolgus PD-1, His,Avitag (Cat. No. PD1-C82E6) at 1 µg/mL (100 µL/well) on streptavidin precoated (0.5 µg/well) plate, can bind Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque PD-L1, Fc Tag (Cat. No. PD1-C5253) with a linear range of 1-5 ng/mL (QC tested).

Immobilized Biotinylated Cynomolgus PD-1, His,Avitag (Cat. No. PD1-C82E6) at 1 µg/mL (100 µL/well) on Streptavidin (Cat. No. STN-N5116) precoated (0.5 µg/well) plate, can bind Nivolumab with a linear range of 1-20 ng/mL (Routinely tested).

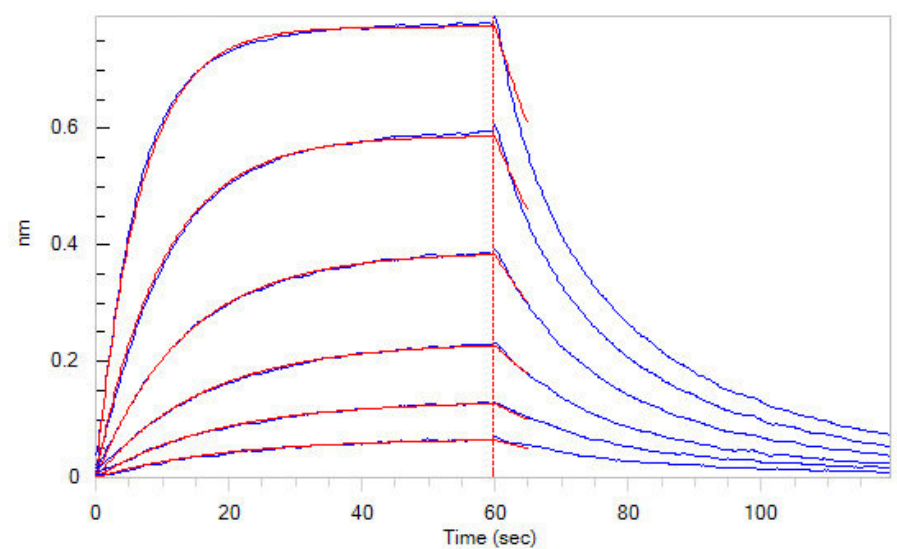


Immobilized Human PD-L2, Fc Tag (HPLC verified) (Cat. No. PD2-H5251) at 5 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Biotinylated Cynomolgus PD-1, His,Avitag (Cat. No. PD1-C82E6) with a linear range of 0.1-1.25 µg/mL (Routinely tested).

Bioactivity-BLI



Loaded Biotinylated Cynomolgus PD-1, His,Avitag (Cat. No. PD1-C82E6) on SA Biosensor, can bind Cynomolgus / Rhesus macaque PD-L1, His Tag (Cat.



Loaded Biotinylated Cynomolgus PD-1, His,Avitag (Cat. No. PD1-C82E6) on SA Biosensor, can bind Human PD-L2, His Tag (SPR verified) (Cat. No. PD2-

Discounts, Gifts, and more!





No. PD1-C52H4) with an affinity constant of 2.8 μ M as determined in BLI assay (ForteBio Octet Red96e) (Routinely tested).

H5220) with an affinity constant of 0.49 μ M as determined in BLI assay (ForteBio Octet Red96e) (Routinely tested).

Background

Programmed cell death protein 1 (PD-1) is also known as CD279 and PDCD1, is a type I membrane protein and is a member of the extended CD28/CTLA-4 family of T cell regulators. PDCD1 is expressed on the surface of activated T cells, B cells, macrophages, myeloid cells and a subset of thymocytes. PD-1 has two ligands, PD-L1 and PD-L2, which are members of the B7 family. PD-L1 is expressed on almost all murine tumor cell lines, including PA1 myeloma, P815 mastocytoma, and B16 melanoma upon treatment with IFN- γ . PD-L2 expression is more restricted and is expressed mainly by DCs and a few tumor lines. PD1 inhibits the T-cell proliferation and production of related cytokines including IL-1, IL-4, IL-10 and IFN- γ by suppressing the activation and transduction of PI3K/AKT pathway. In addition, coligation of PD1 inhibits BCR-mediated signal by dephosphorylating key signal transducer. In vitro, treatment of anti-CD3 stimulated T cells with PD-L1-Ig results in reduced T cell proliferation and IFN- γ secretion. Monoclonal antibodies targeting PD-1 that boost the immune system are being developed for the treatment of cancer.

Clinical and Translational Updates

Please contact us via TechSupport@acrobiosystems.com if you have any question on this product.

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