



Synonym

IGF1R,IGFR,JTK13,CD221,MGC142170,MGC142172,MGC18216

Source

Cynomolgus IGF-I R, His Tag(IGR-C5225) is expressed from human 293 cells (HEK293). It contains AA Glu 31 - Asn 932 (Accession # [G7P9I7-1](#)).

Predicted N-terminus: Glu 31 & Asp 741

Molecular Characterization

IGF-I R(Glu 31 - Asn 932)
G7P9I7-1 Poly-his

This protein carries a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

This protein contains a furin convertase cleavage site, 737-RKRR-740, and will be partially processed into N (α chain) and C-terminal fragment (partial β chain) with calculated MW of 81.1 kDa and 23.8 kDa respectively. The protein migrates as 45-50 kDa (partial β chain), 96-115 kDa (α chain) and 120 kDa (α chain & partial β chain) under reducing (R) condition (SDS-PAGE) due to glycosylation.

Endotoxin

Less than 1.0 EU per μ g by the LAL method.

Purity

>90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

Formulation

Lyophilized from 0.22 μ m filtered solution in PBS, pH7.4 with trehalose as protectant.

Contact us for customized product form or formulation.

Reconstitution

Please see Certificate of Analysis for specific instructions.

For best performance, we strongly recommend you to follow the reconstitution protocol provided in the CoA.

Storage

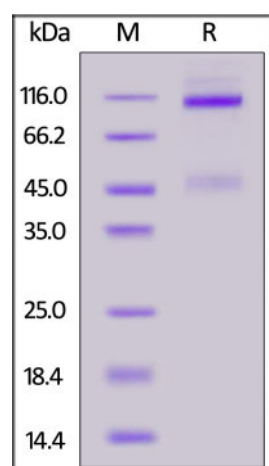
For long term storage, the product should be stored at lyophilized state at -20°C or lower.

Please avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

This product is stable after storage at:

- -20°C to -70°C for 12 months in lyophilized state;
- -70°C for 3 months under sterile conditions after reconstitution.

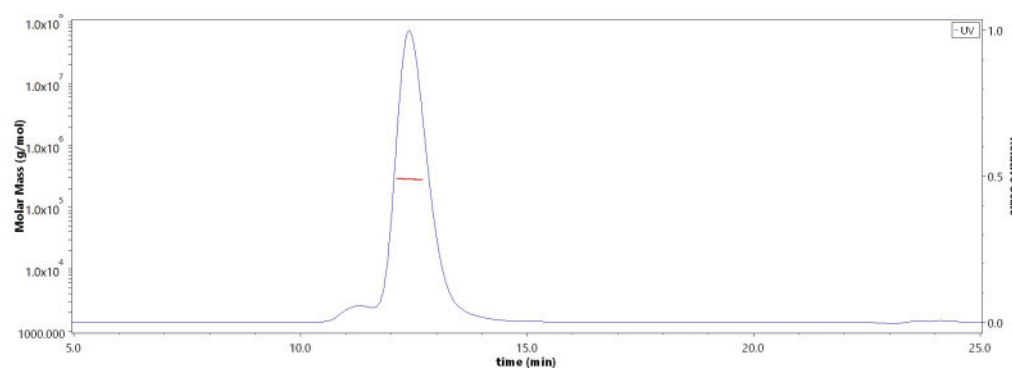
SDS-PAGE



Cynomolgus IGF-I R, His Tag on SDS-PAGE under reducing (R) condition. The gel was stained with Coomassie Blue. The purity of the protein is greater than 90%.

Bioactivity-ELISA

SEC-MALS

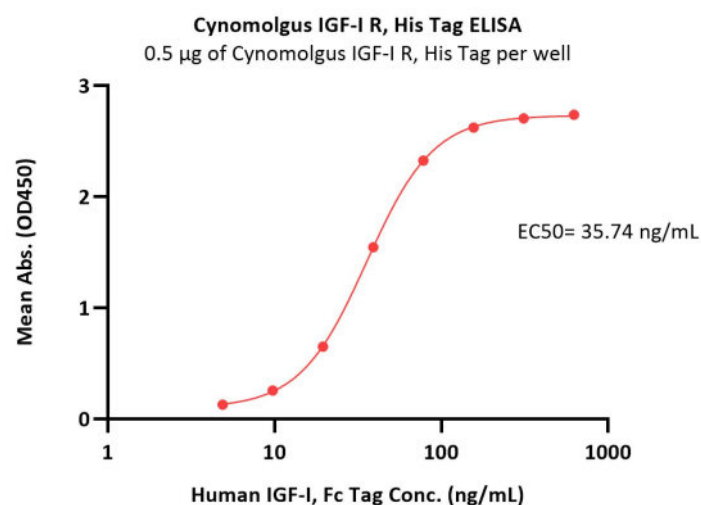


The purity of Cynomolgus IGF-I R, His Tag (Cat. No. IGR-C5225) is more than 85% and the molecular weight of this protein is around 255-311 kDa verified by SEC-MALS.

[Report](#)

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Immobilized Cynomolgus IGF-I R, His Tag (Cat. No. IGR-C5225) at 5 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Human IGF-I, Fc Tag with a linear range of 5-78 ng/mL (QC tested).

Background

The Insulin-like Growth Factor 1 Receptor (IGF1) is also known as CD221, JTK13, and is a transmembrane receptor that is activated by IGF-1 and by the related growth factor IGF-2. It belongs to the large class of tyrosine kinase receptors. This receptor mediates the effects of IGF-1, which is a polypeptide protein hormone similar in molecular structure to insulin. IGF1R is made up of two alpha subunits and two beta subunits, the Both the α and β subunits are synthesized from a single mRNA precursor. The precursor is then glycosylated, proteolytically cleaved, and crosslinked by cysteine bonds to form a functional transmembrane $\alpha\beta$ chain. The α chains are located extracellularly while the β subunit spans the membrane and are responsible for intracellular signal transduction upon ligand stimulation. IGF1R have a binding site for ATP, which is used to provide the phosphates for autophosphorylation. There is a 60% homology between IGF1R and the insulin receptor. In response to ligand binding, the α chains induce the tyrosine autophosphorylation of the β chains. This event triggers a cascade of intracellular signaling that, while somewhat cell type specific, often promotes cell survival and cell proliferation.

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